

# **CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS**

#### 1. PURPOSE OF THIS CODE

- a) This Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (this "Code") of Carbon Streaming Corporation and its majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Corporation") is intended to document the principles of conduct and ethics to be followed by all employees, officers, directors, agents, consultants and contractors, or any other person working for the Corporation (collectively, "Personnel"). This Code applies equally, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to all permanent, contract, secondment and temporary agency employees who are on assignments with the Corporation, as well as to consultants to the Corporation. Its purpose is to:
  - i) promote honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts between personal and professional interests;
  - ii) promote avoidance of conflicts of interest;
  - iii) promote disclosure in writing to an appropriate person of any material transaction or relationship that reasonably could be expected to give rise to such a conflict;
  - iv) promote full, fair, accurate, true, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that the Corporation issues or files with, or submits to, the securities regulators and in all public communications made by the Corporation;
  - v) promote compliance with applicable governmental laws, rules and regulations;
  - vi) promote the prompt internal reporting to an appropriate person of violations of this Code and provide mechanisms to report unethical conduct;
  - vii) promote accountability for adherence to this Code;
  - viii) promote respect for local communities and customs;
  - ix) avoid discrimination and nepotism;
  - x) promote a positive work environment and atmosphere;
  - xi) promote compliance with laws applicable in the jurisdictions in which the Corporation operates;
  - xii) provide guidance to Personnel to help them recognize and deal with ethical issues;

and

- xiii) help foster a culture of honesty and accountability within the Corporation.
- b) The Code presents the minimum moral and ethical standard of conduct required for Personnel. The Corporation will expect all Personnel to comply and act in accordance with the principles stated herein. Violations of this Code by any Personnel are grounds for disciplinary action, which may include immediate termination of employment, provision of services, position as an officer of the Corporation, or, in the case of a director, a request for the director's resignation.
- c) An explanation of each of the rules is set forth below. If you have a question regarding the application of any rule or about the best course of action in a particular situation, you should seek guidance from your supervisor. If you require additional support, you may contact the General Counsel. The Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") may seek guidance from the General Counsel, but may escalate matters to the Chair of the Board, who shall consult, as appropriate, with the Chair of the Audit Committee. Members of the Board may seek guidance from the Chair of the Audit Committee.

### 2. RESPONSIBILITIES

### **WORKPLACE**

### a) Inclusion and Diversity

The Corporation is committed to fostering an inclusive, equitable and diverse workplace that treats everyone fairly and with respect and dignity.

The Corporation is an equal opportunity employer and does not discriminate against directors, officers, employees, contractors, consultants, or potential employees, or other service providers, on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, sexual orientation or disability or any other category protected by Canadian federal or provincial laws and regulations, or any laws or regulations applicable in the jurisdiction where such directors, officers, employees, contractors, or consultants are located. The Corporation will make reasonable accommodations for its employees in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Corporation is committed to actions and policies to assure fair employment, including equal treatment in hiring, promotion, training, compensation, termination and corrective action and will not tolerate discrimination by its employees and agents.

### b) Non-Discriminatory and Harassment-Free Workplace

The Corporation will not tolerate any harassment of its Personnel, customers, suppliers or others.

The workplace must be free from violent behaviour. Threatening, intimidating or aggressive behaviour, as well as bullying, subjecting to ridicule or other similar behaviour toward fellow employees or others in the workplace will not be tolerated.

#### c) Substance Abuse

The Corporation is committed to maintaining a safe and healthy work environment free of substance abuse. Personnel are expected to perform their responsibilities in a professional manner and, to the degree that job performance or judgment may be hindered, be free from the effects of drugs and/or alcohol.

# d) Employment of Relatives

The Corporation discourages the employment of relatives in positions or assignments within the same department and prohibits the employment of such individuals in positions that have a financial dependence or influence. Employment of more than one relative at an office of the Corporation or other premises is permissible but the direct supervision of one relative by another is not permitted unless otherwise authorized by the CEO, the Chair of the Board and, if any, the Lead Director.

Indirect supervision of a relative by another is also discouraged and requires the prior approval of the CEO and the Chair of the Board. If such employment is approved, any personnel actions affecting that employee must also be reviewed and endorsed by the CEO. "Relatives" include spouse/significant others, sister, brother, daughter, son, mother, father, grandparents, aunts, uncles, nieces, nephews, cousins, step relationships, and in-laws. "Significant others" include persons living in a spousal or familial fashion with Personnel. If a question arises about whether a relationship is covered by this Code, the CEO will determine whether an applicant or transferee's acknowledged relationship is covered by this Code.

Wilful withholding information regarding a prohibited relationship or reporting arrangement will be subject to corrective action. If a prohibited relationship exists or develops between two employees, the employee in the senior position must bring this to the attention of his/her supervisor. The Corporation retains the prerogative to separate the working arrangements of the individuals at the earliest possible time.

#### e) Environmental, Safety, and Occupational Health Practices

Sound environmental, safety and occupational health management practices are in the best interests of the Corporation, Personnel, shareholders and the communities in which it operates. The Corporation is committed to conducting its business in accordance with recognized industry standards and to meeting or exceeding all applicable environmental and occupational health and safety laws and regulations.

#### THIRD PARTY RELATIONSHIPS

#### f) Conflicts of Interest

Personnel are required to act with honesty and integrity and to avoid any relationship or activity that might create, or appear to create, a conflict between their personal interests and the interests of the Corporation.

Conflicts of interest arise where an individual's position or responsibilities with the Corporation present an opportunity for personal gain apart from the normal rewards of employment, provision of services, officership or directorship, to the detriment of the Corporation. They also arise where an individual's personal interests are inconsistent with those of the Corporation and create conflicting loyalties. Such conflicting loyalties can cause Personnel to give preference to personal interests in situations where corporate responsibilities should come first. Personnel shall perform the responsibilities of their positions on the basis of what is in the best interests of the Corporation and free from the influence of personal considerations and relationships.

Employees, contractors and consultants must disclose promptly in writing possible conflicts of interest to their supervisor, or if the supervisor is involved in the conflict of interest, to the CEO. Directors or officers of the Corporation shall disclose in writing conflicts of interest to the lead director or Chair of the Board.

If a conflict of interest arises or exists, and there is no failure of good faith on the part of the Personnel, the Corporation's policy generally will be to allow a reasonable amount of time for such Personnel to correct the situation in order to prevent undue hardship or loss; however, all decisions in this regard will be at the discretion of the CEO, whose primary concern in exercising such discretion will be in the best interests of the Corporation.

Personnel shall not acquire any property, security or any business interest, which they know that the Corporation is interested in acquiring. Moreover, based on advance information, Personnel shall not acquire any property, security or business interest, which they know the Corporation is interested in acquiring, for speculation or investment. It is not, however, typically considered a conflict of interest if Personnel acquire an interest in a competitor, customer or supplier that is listed on a stock exchange so long as the total value of the investment is less than 5% of the outstanding stock of the Corporation and the amount of the investment is not so significant that it would affect the person's business judgment on behalf of the Corporation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any such investment is subject to and must comply with the Corporation's *Disclosure Policy* and *Insider Trading Policy* and applicable securities laws.

### g) Gifts and Entertainment

Personnel or their immediate families shall not use their position with the Corporation to solicit any cash, gifts or free services from any of the Corporation's customers, suppliers or contractors for their personal benefit, or for the personal benefit of their immediate family or friends. Gifts or entertainment from others should not be accepted if they could be reasonably considered to be extravagant or otherwise improperly influence the Corporation's business relationship with or create an obligation to a customer, supplier or contractor. Employees must inform their immediate superior of gifts and entertainment received within a reasonable period not exceeding one (1) month from receipt.

The following are guidelines regarding gifts and entertainment given to Personnel or given to others outside of the Corporation by the Corporation:

(i) the gift or entertainment may not be given or accepted with the intention or expectation of influencing a party to obtain or retain business or a business advantage,

or as a reward for the provision or retention of business or a business advantage, or in explicit or implicit exchange for favours or benefits;

- (ii) the gift or entertainment must be customary or not unusual to the industry;
- (iii) the gift or entertainment must not violate local laws or local norms;
- (iv) any gift or entertainment given must be in the name of the Corporation and not in the name of any individual;
- (v) any gift or entertainment may not be in the form of cash or cash equivalents (such as vouchers or gift certificates);
- (vi) the gift or entertainment must be of an appropriate type and value and given or accepted at an appropriate time, taking into account the business relationship with the other party, any pending action expected of the other party, and the reason for the gift or entertainment; and
- (vii) the gift or entertainment must be given and accepted openly and not secretly.

For more information on Gift and Entertainment standards, please see the Corporation's *Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy*.

#### h) Competitive Practices

The Corporation complies with and supports laws of all jurisdictions, which prohibit restraints of trade, unfair practices, or abuse of economic power.

The Corporation will not enter into arrangements that unlawfully restrict its ability to compete with other businesses, or the ability of any other business organization to compete freely with the Corporation, except as approved by the Board or as provided for under confidentiality agreements or other written agreements that contain an area of interest clause. The Corporation's policy also prohibits Personnel from entering into or discussing any unlawful arrangement or understanding that may result in unfair business practices or anti-competitive behaviour.

# i) Supplier and Contractor Relationships

The Corporation selects its suppliers, consultants and contractors in a non-discriminatory manner based on quality, cost and service. Decisions must never be based on personal interests or the interests of family members or friends. All Personnel are required to conduct themselves in a business-like manner that promotes equal opportunity and prohibits discriminatory practices.

Conducting business of the Corporation with a relative, or with a business in which a relative is associated in any significant role, should be avoided. If such a related party transaction is unavoidable, the nature of the related-party transaction should be disclosed to the CEO in advance. If it is determined to be material to the Corporation, the Audit Committee must review and approve in writing in advance such related party transactions. The most significant related party transactions, particularly those involving the Corporation's directors or executive officers,

must be reviewed and approved in writing in advance by the Board. The Corporation must report all such material related party transactions under applicable accounting rules, securities laws and regulations, and securities market rules. Any dealings with a related party must be conducted in such a way that preferential treatment is not given to that business.

Employees, contractors and consultants must inform their supervisors, and officers and directors must inform the Chair of the Audit Committee, of any relationships that appear to create a conflict of interest.

#### j) Public Relations

The Corporation's CEO, Chief Operating Officer, CFO, and such other persons appointed as spokespersons in accordance with the Corporation's *Disclosure Policy* are responsible for all public relations, including all contact with the media. Unless a person is specifically authorized to represent the Corporation to the media, such person may not respond to inquiries or requests for information. This includes newspapers, magazines, trade publications, radio and television as well as any other external sources requesting information about the Corporation. If the media contacts any Personnel about any topic, such person should immediately refer the call to one of the spokespersons.

Personnel should not post information relating to the Corporation on any social media sites such as Facebook, Twitter or Internet chat rooms, unless so directed by a person responsible for public relations. Further, if Personnel encounters information about the Corporation on a social media site or the Internet, they should forward that information to the CEO.

Personnel must be careful not to disclose confidential or business information through public or casual discussions to the media or others.

#### k) Business and Government Relations

Personnel may participate in the political process as private citizens. It is important to separate personal political activity and the Corporation's political activities, if any, in order to comply with the appropriate rules and regulations relating to lobbying or attempting to influence government officials.

Please refer to the Corporation's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy for guidance regarding political contributions. If you are in doubt about the legitimacy of a payment or a gift of any kind that you have been requested to make, refer such situations to the CEO and General Counsel.

### I) Anti-Money Laundering and Anti-Terrorist Financing

Personnel must fully comply with all anti-money laundering and anti-terrorist financing laws and regulations.

Please refer to the Corporation's *Anti-Money Laundering / Anti-Terrorist Financing Policy* for more information.

### m) Officerships and Directorships

Employees and officers of the Corporation shall not act as officers or directors of any other corporate entity or organization, public or private, without the prior approval of the CEO in the case of employees, other than the CEO, and the Chair of the Board in the case of the CEO. Serving as a trustee, director or a similar position for a government agency or an outside entity, may create a conflict of interest. Being a trustee or director or serving on a standing committee of some organizations, including government or non-governmental agencies, charities and non-profit organizations, may also create a conflict. On or before accepting an appointment to the board or a committee of any entity, Personnel should consider whether it creates a conflict of interest with reference to the factors considered above under the heading "Third Party Relationships - Conflicts of Interest", including whether the appointment would detract from his or her ability to devote appropriate time and attention to his or her responsibilities with the Corporation.

### LEGAL COMPLIANCE

# n) Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

Personnel are expected to comply in good faith at all times with all applicable laws, rules and regulations and to behave in an ethical manner.

#### o) Compliance with Insider Trading Laws and Timely disclosure

All Personnel are expected to thoroughly understand and comply with applicable laws in respect of the improper trading of securities of the Corporation and the improper communication of undisclosed material information regarding the Corporation. Corporation Personnel who have access to confidential information are not permitted to use or share that information for stock trading purposes or for any other purpose except the conduct of the Corporation's business. All non-public information about the Corporation should be considered confidential information. To use non-public information for personal financial benefit or to "tip" others, including family members, who might make an investment decision on the basis of this information, is not only unethical but also illegal.

Personnel are required to comply with policies and procedures applicable to them that are adopted by the Corporation from time to time and provide full, fair, accurate, understandable and timely disclosure in reports and documents filed with, or submitted to, securities regulatory authorities and other materials that are made available to the investing public.

Personnel must cooperate fully with those responsible for preparing reports filed with the securities regulatory authorities and all other materials that are made available to the investing public to ensure those persons are aware in a timely manner of all information that is required to be disclosed. Personnel should also cooperate fully with the independent auditors in their audits and in assisting in the preparation of financial disclosure. Please refer to the Corporation's Disclosure Policy and Insider Trading Policy for more information.

# OPPORTUNITIES, INFORMATION AND RECORDS

#### p) Confidential and Proprietary Information and Trade Secrets

Personnel may be exposed to certain opportunities brought to the Corporation and information that is considered confidential by the Corporation or may be involved in the design or development of new procedures related to the business of the Corporation. All such opportunities, information and procedures, whether or not the subject of copyright or patent, are the sole property of the Corporation. Personnel shall not appropriate corporate opportunities for their own use or disclose confidential information to persons outside the Corporation, including family members, and should share it only with other persons when explicitly authorized pursuant to the Corporation's *Disclosure Policy* or when legally required.

Personnel are responsible and accountable for safeguarding the Corporation's documents and information to which they have direct or indirect access as a result of their employment, provision of services, officership or directorship with the Corporation.

Unauthorized use or distribution of this information violates the Code. It is also illegal and could result in civil or criminal penalties.

#### q) Financial Reporting and Records

The Corporation maintains a high standard of accuracy and completeness in its financial records. These records serve as a basis for managing the Corporation's business and are crucial for meeting obligations to Personnel, investors and others, as well as for compliance with regulatory, tax, financial reporting and other legal requirements. Personnel of the Corporation who make entries into business records or who issue regulatory or financial reports, have a responsibility to fairly present all information in a truthful, accurate and timely manner. No Personnel shall exert any influence over, coerce, mislead or in any way manipulate or attempt to manipulate the independent auditors of the Corporation.

# r) Record Retention

The Corporation strives to maintain all records in accordance with laws and regulations regarding retention of business records. The term "business records" covers a broad range of files, reports, business plans, receipts, policies and communications, including hard copy, electronic, audio recording, microfiche and microfilm files whether maintained at work or at home. The Corporation prohibits the unauthorized destruction of or tampering with any records, whether written or in electronic form, where the Corporation is required by law or government regulation to maintain such records or where it has reason to know of a threatened or pending government investigation or litigation relating to such records.

For more information on Record-Keeping, please see the Corporation's *Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy*.

# ASSETS OF THE CORPORATION

#### s) Use of Corporation's Assets/Opportunities

The use of Corporation assets or opportunities for individual profit or any unlawful unauthorized personal or unethical purpose is prohibited. The Corporation's assets include its reputation, trademarks and name, your time at work and work productivity, as well as information,

technology, intellectual assets, buildings, land, equipment, machines, software and cash, all of which must be used only for business purposes except as provided by this Code or approved by the CEO.

### t) Destruction of Assets and Theft

Personnel shall not intentionally damage or destroy the assets of the Corporation or others or commit theft.

#### u) Intellectual Property of Others

Personnel may not reproduce, distribute, or alter copyrighted materials without permission of the copyright owner or its authorized agents. Software used in connection with the Corporation's business must be properly licensed and used only in accordance with that license.

# v) Information Technology

The Corporation's information technology systems, including computers, e-mail, intranet and internet access, telephones and voice mail are the property of the Corporation and are to be used primarily for business purposes. The Corporation's information technology systems may be used for minor or incidental reasonable personal messages provided that such use is kept at a minimum is in compliance with the Corporation's policies generally and does not interfere with the Corporation's business.

The Corporation may take reasonable steps to ensure the security of information and monitor the use of information technology resources as the inappropriate use of these resources may not only interfere with carrying on the Corporation's business but may also jeopardize the Corporation's reputation or compliance with regulatory requirements. The Corporation acknowledges that from time to time the personal use of information technology resources may be necessary; however, such use should not impact business activities.

Personnel may not use the Corporation's information technology systems to:

- i) allow others to gain access to the Corporation's information technology systems without the formal written approval of the CEO;
- ii) send harassing, threatening or obscene messages;
- iii) send chain letters;
- iv) use information technology for individual profit or any unlawful, unauthorized or unethical purpose;
- v) reproduce, distribute or alter copyrighted materials without the permission of the copyright owner;
- vi) make personal or group solicitations unless authorized by a senior officer; or

#### vii) conduct personal commercial business.

# w) Travel and Expenses

Personnel may incur expenses as a result of activities that support the operations, of the Corporation including domestic or international business travel.

For more information on the expectations and best practices for business travel, meals and entertainment expenses, please see the Corporation's *Travel and Expenses Policy*.

#### **HUMAN RIGHTS**

The Corporation does not tolerate human rights abuses. As part of its commitment to sustainable and responsible business practices, the Corporation is a participant in the United Nations Global Compact.<sup>1</sup>

The Corporation is committed to respecting human rights and stands against all forms of modern slavery and human trafficking.<sup>2</sup> While there are modern slavery risks associated with having investments in countries ranked by the Global Slavery Index as having an increased prevalence of modern slavery, given that the nature of our business means that our workforce and those of our project partners consist largely of skilled, tertiary qualified and/or experienced individuals, we consider that the overall risk that the Corporation's business has caused or contributed to modern slavery to be low. Regardless, the Corporation seeks to safeguard against modern slavery and human trafficking occurring in its supply chain or in any part of its business through the adoption of general and specific policies and procedures that guide the Corporation's decision-making process and thereby serve to mitigate the risk of modern slavery occurring in our business, operations or supply chain.

### 3. USING THIS CODE AND REPORTING VIOLATIONS

It is the responsibility of all Personnel to understand and comply with this Code. Upon receipt of this Code, you are required to acknowledgement compliance of this Code. Any waiver from any part of this Code for employees, contractors or consultants requires the approval of the CEO. Any waiver from any part of this Code for officers or directors requires the express approval of the Board and, if required by applicable securities regulatory authorities, public disclosure.

If you observe or become aware of an actual or potential violation of this Code or of any law or regulation, whether committed by employees of the Corporation or by others associated with the Corporation, it is your responsibility to report the circumstances as outlined herein and to cooperate with any investigation by the Corporation. This Code is designed to provide an atmosphere of open communication for compliance issues and to ensure that Personnel acting in good faith have the means to report actual or potential violations.

<sup>1</sup> The UN Global Compact is a global corporate sustainability initiative designed to educate companies and ensure that the principles of human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption are integrated into their strategies and business operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Company has adopted these commitments on a voluntary basis. The Company is not currently subject to formal compliance with either the *Australian Modern Slavery Act 2018* (Cth) or the *Modern Slavery Act 2015*, *UK*.

To report actual or potential compliance infractions relating to this Code, please refer to the procedure provided for in the Corporation's *Whistleblower Policy*.

#### 4. WAIVERS OF THIS CODE

From time to time, the Corporation may waive certain provisions of this code. Waivers generally may only be granted by the CEO or the Chair of the Board or the Lead Director, if any, or the Chair of the Audit Committee; however, any waiver of the provisions of this Code for officers, and directors may be made only by the Board or a designated Committee of the Board and will be disclosed to shareholders as required by applicable rules and regulations.

### 5. AMENDMENTS TO THE CODE

The Corporation reserves the right to modify, suspend or revoke this Code and any and all policies, procedures, and programs in whole or in part, at any time. The Corporation also reserves the right to interpret and amend this Code and these policies in its sole discretion as it deems appropriate. Any amendments to the Code will be disclosed to Personnel.

#### 6. CODE REVIEW

The effectiveness of this Code will be reviewed by the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee on an annual basis and submit any recommended changes to the Board for approval.

Dated: February 13, 2023

Approved by: Board of Directors of the Corporation